

#### **BEHAVIOUR AND EXCLUSION POLICY**

## Whole school and EYFS

The Head undertakes a formal annual review of this policy for the purpose of monitoring and of the efficiency with which the related duties have been discharged, by no later than one year from the date shown below, or earlier if significant changes to the systems and arrangements take place, or if legislation, regulatory requirements or best practice guidelines so require.

Signed: Dr Pamela Edmonds

Date reviewed: September 2023

Date of next review: September 2024

#### **Policy statement**

At Parsons Green Prep we recognise that positive behaviour is learned in an atmosphere of mutual respect, praise and encouragement, where adults model positive behaviour, language and body language. We have high expectations of behaviour and we seek to encourage good habits from the moment a child enters the school. We base our approach on three broad values: respect for others, respect for self and respect for property.

# **Respect for others:**

- We encourage our children to listen to others, respect their views and to show empathy.
- We show our children how disruption and poor behaviour affects others around them.
- We seek to nurture a culture in which all children are valued as people.
- We all move about our building in a quiet and orderly manner to avoid interrupting another activity.
- We hold open doors for each other.

## Respect for self

We encourage our children to develop this by:

- listening to their thoughts and views
- providing opportunities for them to represent others, e.g. school council members, house captains and vice-captains
- providing opportunities to be involved in school decision making, e.g. school council, librarians and eco committee
- rewarding good and excellent behaviour, e.g. house points and challenge certificates.

# Respect for property:

- We give children responsibility for looking after areas of the school and equipment.
- We disapprove of any damage to other people's property.
- We encourage the careful handling and putting away of items in the classroom, hall and playground.
- We encourage children to keep the school site tidy and not to drop litter.
- We have a clear recycling policy and a team of child eco-warriors, which forms part of the ecocommittee.

The Head is responsible for developing the Behaviour Policy, for deciding the standard of behaviour expected at the school and how that standard will be achieved, the school rules and for any disciplinary penalties. The EYFS coordinator is responsible for managing behaviour in Reception.





#### Aims:

To promote good behaviour inside and outside the classroom.

To promote self-discipline and respect.

To help all children to be aware of what is acceptable behaviour and attitudes and what is not.

To provide appropriate rewards and sanctions to help children to meet the standards we set.

To ensure that staff encourage praise and reward good behaviour as well as provide good role models.

## **Expectations**

### Children will be expected to:

- be courteous at all times to members of staff and to each other
- arrive promptly at lessons with the appropriate equipment
- participate actively during lessons by completing classwork
- hand in homework on time
- develop a responsible attitude and should be able to differentiate between acceptable and unacceptable behaviour
- follow the Parsons Green Prep golden rules (appendix 1) and playground rules (appendix
   2)
- show respect for opinions and beliefs of others
- understand that bullying or bad language will not be tolerated
- put their point of view sensibly and sensitively

#### Staff will be expected to:

- reinforce clear expectations of behaviour as set out in the Parsons Green Prep golden rules and playground rules
- promote and reinforce positive behaviour
- deal with incidents of poor behaviour and follow the school's procedures, ensuring that any sanctions are applied fairly and consistently
- listen to children
- · be excellent role models for the children to follow
- respect children for their individuality and not label children
- ensure that no child is discriminated against because of their ethnic origin, gender, sex, culture, religious belief or because of any family responsibility that they may have
- use calm voices and encourage children to do likewise
- never use physical punishment of any kind and not use physical intervention at any time, unless a child is in immediate danger of harming themselves or others

To a large extent good behaviour in a school depends on the teachers. Children behave better if they have good role models and a consistent approach. They also behave well if they are given clear tasks which they are capable of achieving and they take some responsibility for their own learning. Good discipline is assisted by good organisation.

#### Parents are expected to:

- work in partnership with staff to ensure good behaviour
- inform staff of any concerns
- respond to concerns raised by staff
- ensure that children come to school correctly equipped and prepared to work





# Parsons Green Prep golden rules (appendix 1) are posted in every classroom:

- Be respectful.
- Be helpful.
- Be truthful.

# Our playground rules (chosen and written by Parsons Green Prep children, appendix 2):

- Do not go behind the shed or hedge.
- Play quietly in the quiet area.
- Do not play ball games in the front garden.
- Use the equipment sensibly.
- Reception children are only allowed in the Reception playground.
- Use the blocks in the front garden.
- Leave the play equipment in the quiet area.
- Do not go in the shed without an adult.

# **Expectations**

In all classrooms a notice outlining what our expectations are of behaviour at specific times (e.g. assembly, lunchtime etc) will be displayed. Teachers will go through these with the children at the start of each year and encourage pupils to adhere to them.

# Our positive reward system

Recognising good behaviour is an essential process in our orderly, happy school and we ensure that rewards far outnumber sanctions. Praise and encouragement are used effectively by all our staff. In addition, we use the following methods:

## **House points**

The school is divided into 4 houses: Attenborough, Earhart, Shackleton and Williams. In each classroom there are 5 containers, 4 of these contain counters in the colour of each house and another is used for the collection of the counters. Each counter represents one house point. Children are verbally awarded house points for good behaviour (they may also be awarded for achievement in their exercise books using the symbol 1hp). We try to ensure that the reward is given as closely to the action as possible. Children are encouraged to collect their counter and place it into the collection pot on a trust basis. A total of 5 house points may be awarded at any time. House point totals are prepared by Year 6 children and read out in the Monday morning assembly. A house cup is presented each term to the house with the most points.

### **Behaviour chart**

A behaviour chart is displayed in each classroom. All children are automatically placed on the sunshine and cloud at the start of the day. If a child makes good choices about their behaviour, tries very hard or completes work to an excellent standard, the member of staff will tell the child that they are being moved to the sunshine. If they demonstrate this again, they will be moved to the rainbow and will be awarded 5 house points by the member of staff and see the Head, who will present them with a special sticker. In the absence of the Head, the child will see the Deputy Head.

## Golden time

A class teacher may award his or her class a period of golden time to recognise one or more of the





following: superb effort, outstanding work, or excellent behaviour. Golden time may be an extension of free flow play, an extension of play time or a time to have free choice of an activity in the classroom.

# **Challenge certificates**

These may be learning or behavior based. Examples of behaviour challenges include 'making good choices about your behaviour' and 'sharing with others'. Class teachers and teaching assistants decide who has particularly distinguished themselves during the week; certificates and stickers are awarded in Friday morning assemblies.

# Managing poor behaviour

Where poor behaviour does occur it is important to react quickly and calmly to exert authority and to restore good order as quickly as possible. It is important to show that poor behaviour is not acceptable but it is also important to assess the reasons for the poor behaviour and to work to change this. Children who have behaved badly and children who are the victim of poor behaviour by others will be listened to and valued.

## Biting and physical violence

Should a pupil bite or use physical violence against another pupil or a staff member, the Head (or in their absence another member of the Senior Leadership Team) should be informed immediately. He/she will contact the parents of the perpetrator, and may ask for the pupil to be taken home. It will be made abundantly clear to the parents that this will not be tolerated and should there be a recurrence further disciplinary steps will be taken.

Every effort will be made to explain to the pupil concerned why it is always wrong to bite or hit another pupil or staff member and try to ascertain the reasoning behind this behaviour. Where felt appropriate, the services of an educational psychologist or GP may be recommended.

# **General sanctions**

- All staff will need to admonish and punish pupils from time to time. Staff should be able to
  maintain their authority and empower themselves by not referring to a senior colleague unless
  there is a compelling reason.
- Staff may withdraw playtime for short periods if appropriate. Children should not miss more than 10 minutes of a particular playtime.
- Sanctions such as missing playtime should always be served on the day the child is made aware
  of the sanction.
- Staff should take into account that the problem you are dealing with may be a symptom of further underlying difficulties.
- Do not publicise poor behaviour to other pupils.
- Never remove a pupil from class unless absolutely necessary. If a pupil is removed they must be taken to another member of staff.
- Do not compound an individual incident by adding any further misdemeanours (deal with one incident at a time).
- Pupils have a right to a fair hearing and appropriate sanctions. Any pupil must be listened to carefully before any referral is made.
- Corporal punishment will never be used or threatened.

No punishment should be degrading or humiliating.

# A number of general rules apply:

- We will avoid overreactions which can escalate already difficult situations.
- We will avoid the use of group punishments.

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We will never use punishments that are degrading or humiliating.



- We will never use repetitive or mindless punishments.
- We will ensure that any punishments are proportionate.
- We will make reasonable adjustments for children with special educational needs/disabilities.
- We will not seek parental consent for our sanctions.

#### **Behaviour chart**

A behaviour chart is displayed in each classroom. All children are automatically placed on the sunshine and cloud at the start of the day. If a member of staff is concerned about poor behaviour they will tell the child that the behaviour is not acceptable, the reason why it is not acceptable and give them a warning. If the poor behaviour continues, the member of staff will tell the child that they are being moved to the cloud. If the poor behaviour still continues the child will be moved onto the rain cloud and will miss 5 minutes of their playtime. The child will stand next to the member of staff who is on duty and reflect on their actions.

# **Playtimes and lunchtimes**

If a member of staff is concerned about poor behaviour at playtime or lunchtime they will tell the child that the behaviour is not acceptable, the reason why it is not acceptable and give them a warning. If the poor behaviour continues, the member of staff will ask the child to stand next to them for 5 minutes and reflect on their actions.

## **Specialist teachers**

If a specialist teacher is concerned about poor behaviour in their lesson they will tell the child that the behaviour is not acceptable, the reason why it is not acceptable and give them a warning. If the poor behaviour continues, the specialist teacher will ask the child to sit out of the activity for 5 minutes and reflect on their actions.

# **Reporting and Recording Poor Behaviour**

Parents will be informed by email or in person if the child has been on the rain cloud that day.

Examples of behaviour which leads to rain cloud
Calling out
Unkind comment
Teasing
Lack of effort
Messy work
Not following instructions
Being disrespectful to adults or children

All poor behaviour (including any child moved on to the rain cloud) must be entered on to Engage, so that the low-level behaviour may be monitored and analysed by the senior staff. For repeated poor behaviour it may be necessary for further action to be taken, for example, the Head and class teacher may agree to put the child in question into the behaviour log. If this happens, the Head will contact the child's parents and with the class teacher an action plan (appendix 3) will be discussed and implemented. This will identify the concern and set out further strategies to be used to correct the poor behaviour. To help staff to deliver consistency in this area, low-level poor behaviour would include any incident that involves the teacher becoming involved to de-escalate a situation between two pupils and/or individual behaviour that involves the teacher taking time out to talk to a child.

One of the strategies may be to use a behaviour monitoring card (appendix 4). The card will be carried by the child to each lesson and each playtime for a week and teachers will be asked to sign and make a comment on it. The reason for this monitoring will be clearly stated on the card. The child will be encouraged to see this as a positive aid and to look after the card, keep it in good condition and present





it to his or her class teacher at the end of the day. The child will then present it to the Head at the end of the week and together they will discuss the comments from the week. Depending on the outcome, the Head will then decide whether the child will continue another week with the behaviour monitoring card. A copy of this card goes on the child's file and a copy is sent home to the child's parents.

For higher-level concerns, or where an individual incident is considered sufficiently serious the Head or other senior member of staff must be informed immediately and parents will be contacted

## Examples of behaviour which needs immediate referral

- Rudeness to any member of staff
- Violence against another pupil (intentional physical contact, such as punching, elbowing, pinching, kicking, hair pulling etc)
- Refusal to follow instructions
- Any form of peer-on-peer/child-on-child abuse (please refer to Safeguarding Policy)

# **Liaising with parents**

In all situations relating to behaviour, we will endeavour to work together with parents in order to resolve issues which arise.

# Behaviour which takes place out of school

The school has the right to discipline children for behaviour occurring out of school and in the school holidays where the reputation of the school is likely to be an issue. Such instances may occur where children:

- Are travelling to and from school
- Are on a school trip
- Are dressed in PGP uniform
- Can be otherwise identified as PGP pupils
- Commit offences online which are contrary to our E-safety Policy

# Monitoring poor behaviour

All staff should ensure that poor behaviour is recorded on Engage so that behaviour can be monitored throughout the school.

The Head will maintain a register of sanctions imposed for serious misbehaviour, even if it has no entries. This is monitored termly to assess patterns. This includes identifying any incidents of bullying and also identifies children in EYFS. This will include the child's name and year groups, the nature and date of offence and the sanction imposed.

Every half-term the Head and the DSL will review records on Engage to analyse and look for trends including the types of misbehaviour happening and whether there are specific areas of the school where poor behaviour happens. They will also identify if there are individual children where they believe further intervention/support strategies should be in place.

# **Exclusions**

The decision to exclude a child from school, whether for a fixed term or permanently is exceptional and serious. It will usually be the final step in a process for dealing with disciplinary issues following our wide range of other positive strategies, which have been tried without success. It is an acknowledgement by the school that it has exhausted all available positive strategies for dealing with the child and would only be used as a last resort. The Head, or in his/her absence a member of the senior leadership team, will make the decision to exclude and manage the exclusion.

There are three exceptional circumstances which may lead to a child being removed from the school site:





- a) There is sufficient evidence that a child has committed a disciplinary offence and may be excluded for a fixed term or permanently.
- b) A child is accused of a serious criminal offence outside the school's jurisdiction where the Head considers it is in the interests of the individual concerned and the school community for the child to be educated off-site for a fixed period.
- c) A child's presence on the school site represents a serious risk to the health or safety of other children or school staff. This may only occur for medical reasons and does not constitute an exclusion.

# Single incident

Temporary exclusion may be used in response to a first-time serious breach of school rules and policies or a disciplinary offence. In this case the Head will investigate the incident thoroughly (the Head may ask for the investigation to be undertaken by another senior member of staff) and consider all evidence to support the allegation. The child will be encouraged to give his/her own version of events and the Head will check whether the incident may have been provoked, for example, by bullying or racial harassment.

# Temporary/fixed-term exclusion

A temporary exclusion will occur if the child is in serious or repeated breach of any school regulation. Some offences liable to immediate temporary exclusion would be repeatedly smoking, bullying, the misuse of alcohol, or threatening behaviour. This list is illustrative, not exhaustive. A temporary exclusion should be for the shortest time necessary: 1-3 days is usually enough to secure benefits without adverse consequences. Exclusion for a period of time, from half a day to 3 days for persistent or cumulative problems, would be imposed only when the school had already offered and implemented a range of support and management strategies. These could include:

- discussion with the child
- peer mentoring
- discussions with parents
- target setting
- mediation
- internal exclusion (i.e. on the school site)

# **Permanent exclusion**

A decision to exclude a child should be taken only:

- a) in response to serious breaches of the school's policies, and/or
- b) if allowing the child to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of the child or others in the school. Only the Head can permanently exclude a child and this must be in consultation with the Proprietor.

A decision to exclude a child permanently is a serious one. It will usually be the final step in a process for dealing with disciplinary offences following a wide range of other strategies, including fixed-term exclusion, which have been tried without success. It is an acknowledgement by the school that it has exhausted all available strategies for including the child and should normally be used as a last resort.

There will, however, be exceptional circumstances where, in the Head's judgment, it is appropriate to permanently exclude a child for a first or 'one-off' offence. These might include:

- serious actual or threatened violence against another child or a member of staff
- sexual abuse or assault
- supplying an illegal drug
- carrying an offensive weapon
- persistent and defiant misbehaviour including bullying (which would include racial bullying) or repeated possession and/or use of an illegal drug on school premises.
- In circumstances where a criminal offence has taken place, the school will also need to consider whether a referral on to other agencies may be appropriate, for example the Police or Social



Services Department, etc.

#### **Drug-related exclusions**

Illegal drugs have no place within the school. Where legal drugs are concerned, the Head will conduct a careful investigation to judge the nature and seriousness of any incident before deciding what action to take. The decision will depend on the precise circumstances of the case, for example, the seriousness of the incident, the circumstances and needs of those involved and the evidence available. Factors that will be considered in determining an appropriate response to a drug-related incident have been set out in our Health and Safety Policy.

#### Head's process

Before deciding whether to exclude a child, either permanently or for a fixed period, the Head should:

- ensure that a thorough investigation has been carried out
- consider all the evidence available to support the allegations, taking account of the school's behaviour and equal opportunities policies, and, where applicable, the Race Relations Act 1976 as amended (2000) and the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 as amended (2001)
- allow and encourage the child to give his or her version of events
- check whether the incident may have been provoked, for example by bullying or by racial or sexual harassment
- if necessary, consult others, but not anyone who may later have a role in reviewing the Head's decision, for example the proprietor

The standard of proof to be applied is the balance of probabilities, i.e. if it is more probable than not that the child did what he or she is alleged to have done, the Head may exclude the child. However, the more serious the allegation, the more convincing the evidence substantiating the allegation needs to be. The Head will need to gather and take account of a wider range of evidence (extending in some instances to evidence of the child's past behaviour) in determining whether it is more probable than not that the child has committed the offence.

Where a police investigation leading to possible criminal proceedings has been initiated, the evidence available may be very limited. However, it may still be possible for the Head to make a judgment on whether to exclude the child.

# Marking attendance registers following exclusion

When a student is excluded temporarily, he/she should be marked as excluded.

# Removal from school for other reasons

The Head may send a child home, after consultation with that child's parents and health professional as appropriate, if the child poses an immediate and serious risk to the health and safety of other children and staff, for example the diagnoses of illness such as a notifiable disease. This is not an exclusion and should be for the shortest possible time.

# **Procedure for appeal**

If parents wish to appeal the decision to exclude, the matter will be referred to the proprietor. The proprietor, who was not involved in the initial decision to exclude, will acknowledge the complaint and schedule a hearing to take place as soon as practicable and normally within five days. The proprietor will make provision for a hearing before a panel of at least three people who have not been directly involved in the exclusion.

Records relating to the decision to exclude and the parents' complaint will be copied to all parties not later than two days prior to the hearing. In no circumstances, however, will the school or its staff be





required to divulge to parents or others any confidential information on or the identities of children or others who have given information which has led to the exclusion or which the Head has acquired during an investigation.

The parents may be accompanied to the hearing by one other person. This may be a relative, teacher or friend. Legal representation will not normally be appropriate. If possible, the proprietor will resolve the parents' complaint without the need for future investigation. Where further investigation is required, the proprietor will decide how it should be carried out. After due consideration of all the facts they consider to be relevant, the proprietor will reach a decision on whether to uphold or rescind the exclusion or they make other recommendations. This decision will be made within 10 days of the hearing.

The proprietor will write to the parents informing them of the decision and the reasons for it. The decision of the proprietor will be final. The proprietor's findings and, if any, recommendations will be sent in writing to the parents concerned and the Head.

# Parents' responsibility and continuing education

Parents must take responsibility for their son or daughter if they are excluded. The school will provide suitable education for any child excluded for more than three days and parents must ensure that their son/daughter participate in this. The school will discuss reintegration after a temporary exclusion.

# Support systems for children

The following systems exist within the school to provide support for children whose behaviour is a concern.

- Identification of members of staff who the child feels comfortable talking to and access created to these staff.
- Time-out in the library is offered to children who have problems managing anger. The teacher
  may suggest this or the child may ask to use this. The library provides a quiet space in which the
  child can cool off and regain control of their emotions. An area of soft cushions is provided for
  this purpose. They can also reflect on what occurred. The teacher or Head supervises these
  sessions.
- Peer mentoring may be used when we feel a child will respond to the thoughts and views of another child about how to change and manage behaviour.
- An Action Plan (appendix 3) will be written by the teacher if the child needs longer term support to change poor behaviour.
- The Behaviour Monitoring Card (appendix 4) is an aid for changing behaviour.

# **SEND** children

Like all children, those with learning and physical disabilities display disruptive or challenging behaviour for a range of different reasons. They may not be accessing their education or making progress, they may have problems with communication, they may have mental health needs, or there may be issues outside of school. In some cases, a child's perceived disruptive or challenging behaviour arises directly as a consequence of their disability or as a consequence of a lack of reasonable adjustments made to accommodate their disability. Under the Equality Act 2010, if a SEND child is displaying disruptive or challenging behaviour, early intervention is needed to assess whether appropriate reasonable adjustments have been made for them. The fact that a child has a disability does not mean they should never be disciplined, but behaviour and discipline methods should reflect the need to pay extra attention to the underlying causes of their difficulties to reflect the additional barriers disabled people face in society. At Parsons Green Prep we ask our teachers to take the following additional steps to prevent behaviour issues with our SEND children and to manage poor behaviour:

- Learn about children' individual difficulties and accommodate them. For example, do not ask a child on the autistic spectrum to sit squashed on the rug at circle time.
- Share ideas and best practice to manage behaviour and to prevent escalation of situations.



- Be sure that any sanctions you give a SEND child are achievable.
- Re-challenge and refocus to diminish repetitive poor behaviour.
- Assess regularly to ensure that there is early intervention of specialist help if required.

Our SENDCO is important in providing support for teachers following these steps.

#### **Transition**

We manage the transition of children from their nursery into Reception and from year to year. At the nursery stage children are visited in their setting by a member of the Parsons Green Prep EYFS team. Information is shared with nursery leaders. Parents are encouraged to provide detailed background information for all children starting at Parsons Green Prep. For all year groups a previous nursery or school reference is required. We quickly assess any additional support that may be required to assist transition and work closely with parents to ensure that this is in place. During the summer term there are opportunities for children to visit classes in the year above and to spend time with their teacher for the next academic year. In the summer term, Reception children will begin to enter the classroom on their own in the mornings to prepare for Year 1 practice.

# Searching

Members of staff can search a child for any item if the child agrees.

The Head and staff authorised by them have statutory power to search children or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the child may have a prohibited item, or where there is a safeguarding concern. In both cases, the member of staff searching should be of the same gender as the child and there should be a witness to the search. Prohibited items are:

- knives or weapons
- alcohol
- illegal drugs
- stolen items
- tobacco and cigarette papers
- fireworks
- pornographic images
- any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be used:
  - o to commit an offence
  - o to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the child)

# Confiscation

Members of staff may confiscate, retain or dispose of a child's property if they judge the property to be contributing to poor behaviour or the breaking of rules. Items will be either:

- returned at the end of the day (for example, mobile phones)
- destroyed (matches, cigarettes, pornography)
- handed to the police (knives, weapons)

# Use of reasonable force

All members of staff have the power to use reasonable force to prevent children committing an offence, injuring themselves or others, or damaging property, and to maintain good order and discipline in the classroom. The government also authorises the use of force, if appropriate, by staff conducting a search without consent for knives, weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco, cigarette papers, fireworks, pornographic images and articles. Force cannot be used when searching for any other items even if they are in the school rules. Physical force may be planned or used as an emergency intervention. It may include:



- the holding of a child by one or more adults so as to restrict their mobility and movements
- the holding a child by one or more adults to guide them to another space in the school
- blocking a child's path
- physically interposing between children

The use of reasonable force and physical intervention will take into account the characteristics of the child including their age, physical needs or disability and development level. The decision to use reasonable force and physical intervention will follow a risk assessment approach. The following will be considered:

- the potential outcomes of not intervening
- any risks in the immediate environment
- the vulnerability of the child

If reasonable force and physical intervention are used staff will ensure the following:

- A written report is given to the Head.
- Parents will be informed on the same day or as soon as reasonably practicable.
- A range of support will be considered for the child, which may include external professional help.
- Targets for the child will be clearly defined.
- Attempts will be made to try to identify that triggers for challenging behaviour.
- Strategies will be put in place to help prevent challenging behaviour.
- Parents are included in the next step discussions.

# Children who are found to have made malicious accusations against staff

Children that are found to have made malicious allegations are likely to have breached school behaviour policies. The school will, therefore, consider whether to apply an appropriate sanction, which could include temporary or permanent exclusion (as well as referral to the police if there are grounds for believing a criminal offence may have been committed).

# Staff professional development

The school will review general and specific staff induction and continuing professional development (CPD) and identify how to ensure staff training reflects practice outlined in this policy and the Antibullying Policy and practice. Where specific training needs have been identified for particular members of staff, the Head will ensure that those members of staff have access to the advice, training and development opportunities appropriate to their needs.

# Links to other policies

This Behaviour Policy follows advice in Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (2017) and should be read in conjunction with the following related policies:

Anti-bullying Policy E-safety Policy Equality Policy Safeguarding Policy Complaints Policy

# Links to other agencies

We liaise with other agencies as appropriate when dealing with behaviour, including the police, child psychologists and counsellors and the Hammersmith & Fulham office for safeguarding.





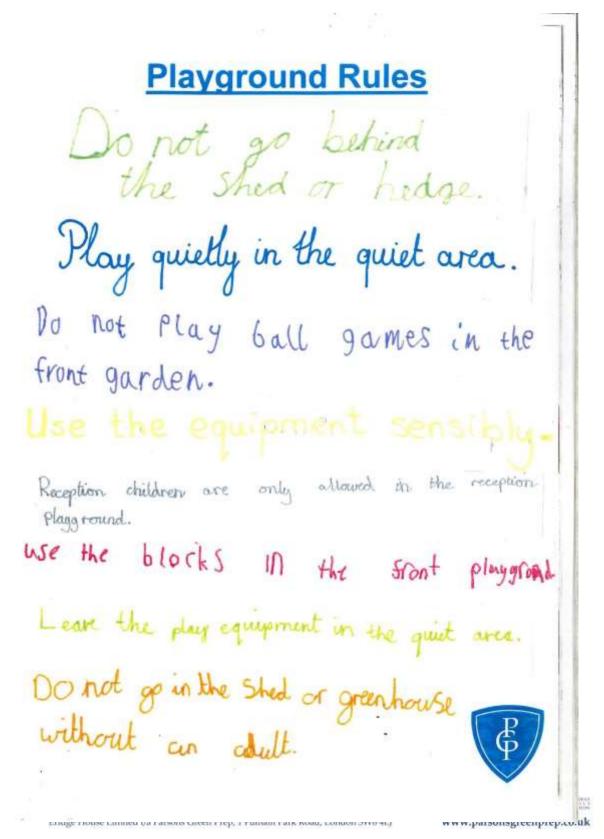
# **APPENDIX 1**

Parsons Green Prep golden rules

Parsons Green Prep golden rules (appendix 1):

- Be respectful Be helpful Be truthful

# APPENDIX 2 Our playground rules, chosen and written by Parsons Green Prep children.



**APPENDIX 3** Appendix 3

## Monitoring poor behaviour

We do not expect children to behave perfectly all the time but we need to monitor and respond to any patterns of behaviour which depart from the general class expectations.

#### BEHAVIOUR WHICH LEADS TO THE RAINCLOUD

- 1. Teachers must note on Engage when a child is put down (ie lowered to raincloud) on the behaviour chart three times in a week.
- Any child being put down on the behaviour chart three times in a week should be sent to the Head. Parents should be informed.
- At half-term and the end of term, the Head of Pastoral Care will analyse all x3 raincloud records. He/she will look for emerging patterns and causes for concern.
- The Head of Pastoral Care will decide in conjunction with the form teacher whether any further action is required.

# Examples of behaviour which leads to Raincloud

Calling out **Unkind comment Teasing** Lack of effort Messy work Not following instructions Being disrespectful to adults or children

# BEHAVIOUR WHICH REQUIRES IMMEDIATE REFERRAL TO HEAD OF PASTORAL CARE

- Where there is serious issue with behaviour, the Head of Pastoral Care should be informed immediately. He/she will decide on the appropriate response, which may include:
  - Removal of child from the classroom for a limited period of time or rest of day
  - Loss of some breaktime
  - Writing letter of apology
  - Requesting that parents take the child home (Head must be informed) for rest of day
  - Temporary or permanent exclusion (only Head may authorise)

# Examples of behaviour which leads needs immediate referral

- Rudeness to any member of staff
- Violence against another pupil (intentional physical contact, such as punching, elbowing, pinching, kicking, hair pulling etc)
- Refusal to follow instructions





2. The Head of Pastoral Care will ensure that details of this behaviour is added to the HM Log on Teams and that any actions taken cross reference with the complaints and safeguarding logs as necessary.

# **Action plan**

Name of Child:	
Date of Birth:	
Class:	
Who raised the concern:	
Nature of concern:	
MEETING	
Date:	
Present:	
Agreed strategies	Evaluation



# APPENDIX 4 Behaviour monitoring card

Name	
Date	
Focus	
Please keep this card with you at all times and show it to a men at playtimes.	mber of staff at the beginning of lessons and
Dunil Signatura	
Pupil Signature	-
Teacher Signature	
Head Signature	



T	•	T	T	T	
Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Lesson 1					
Lesson 2					
Playtime					
-					
Lesson 3					
Lunchtime					
Lesson 4					
Lesson 5					